			11 January 195
			Copy No. 131
CURREN	IT		
INTELLIC	GENCE	DOCUMENTAN	22
BULLETI	N	DOCUMENT NO NO CHANGE II I DECLASSII	NICLAGS.
		CLASS, CHAN NEXT REVIEW AUTH: HR 70	DATE:
	OFFICE OF	DATE CURRENT IN	TELLIGENCE
	CENTRAL	INTELLIGENCE	AGENCY

25X1A		
Approved For Release	se 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00	975A002900150001-3
Approved i or gregica.	36 2002/10/21 : OIA (B) /0100	01 27302000100001 0

CONTENTS

	25		OPPOSITION STRENGTH WORRIES GOMULKA REGIME	
	25	2.	SHOWDOWN IN ALGERIA MAY BE NEAR	
	25X1A	3.	ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER ADAMANT ON GULF OF AQABA AND GAZA ISSUES	
25X1				
				25X1A
		7.	THE NEW BRITISH PRIME MINISTER	
			ANNEXConclusions of the Watch Report of the Intelligence Advisory Committee	
			25X1A	

11 Jan 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 2

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002900150001-3

1. OPPOSITION STRENGTH WORRIES GOMULKA REGIME

The Gomulka regime is

disconcerted by
the extent to which the pro-Soviet "Natolin"
elements within the Polish United Workers'
(Communist) Party (PZPR) have succeeded
in fomenting opposition during the campaign
for the parliamentary elections of 20 January.

Natolin elements have taken advantage of the chauvinist feelings of the population to stimulate antiminority, particularly anti-Semitic, sentiment. The increasing frequency and severity of incidents have placed the regime at a political disadvantage by forcing it to defend the minorities. A whispering campaign is also being conducted to defame regime leaders by charging them with Nazi collaboration or Stalinist associations.

The movement to urge voters to scratch from the single electoral list the names of regime leaders, PZPR candidates and prominent figures in favor of local candidates has gained momentum. Voters are also being encouraged to believe that since the election results will be rigged anyway they might as well abstain.

As a result of these tactics, party leaders are reportedly now afraid that a number of central committee members will not be elected and that in many regions party members will be defeated by nonparty candidates.

25X1

Comment The regime press has charged the opposition with attempting to sabotage the elections, and politburo member Morawski complained publicly

11 Jan 57

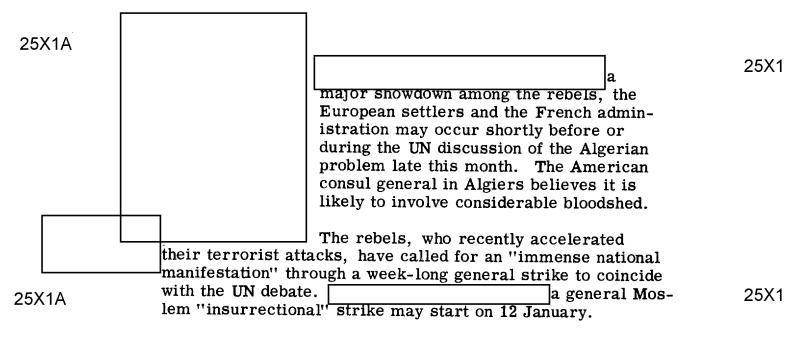
25X1A

Current Intelligence Bulletin

on 2 January that those "negativists" within the party who oppose Poland's independent road to socialism "do not shrink from unworthy methods of struggle in order to maintain their position!"

The press has also charged, in a thinly veiled reference to Poland's Communist neighbors, that "all those abroad" who are hostile to changes in Poland would not fail to take advantage of opportunities to "blacken Poland as an unenlightened backward country not deserving independence."

2. SHOWDOWN IN ALGERIA MAY BE NEAR



Simultaneously, tension is reported mounting at an alarming rate among European Algerians who fear abandonment by France. Indications are that French extremists are preparing to counter further Moslem unrest with a substantial show of their own force and that they may be supported by at least some elements of the French military which has largely taken over administrative operations in Algeria. This danger is pointed up by the arrest in late December of a French general charged with plotting to overthrow Minister Robert Lacoste and establish an Algerian republic controlled by the settlers.

25X1

11 Jan 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

3. ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER ADAMANT ON GULF OF AQABA AND GAZA ISSUES

25X1/	4
	Israeli prime minister Ben-Gurion told Ambassador Lawson on 8 January that while Israel "has no territorial am- bitions anywhere in Sinai," it "has to have" the Gulf of Aqaba waterway. Ben-
	Gurion said, "No more will we be subject to Nasr's whims
	or charity. If he tries to re-establish the blockade, then
	we shall have to start shooting!"

The prime minister reiterated that he cannot permit Egypt to regain authority in the Gaza strip and that he believes a UN force there could not control Egyptian fedayeen activity. He hinted that he would like to see Israeli police control maintained under UN supervision if this would satisfy world opinion.

Comment

The Israeli cabinet reportedly met on 10 January to consider its position on further withdrawal from Sinai. Israel's demands regarding Gaza and Aqaba will probably be supported by Britain and France. The British UN delegate told Ambassador Lodge on 9 January that "we would be worse off than before 29 October" if no changes are made in the Gaza and Aqaba situations.

Next 3 Page(s) In Document Exempt

7. 7	THE N	EW B	RITISH	PRIME	MIN

The 62-year-old British chancellor of the exchequer, Harold Macmillan, who became prime minister on 10 January, is a forceful initiator of progressive

domestic policies and a champion of closer relations with the Continent. In view of his intimate association with the Suez intervention, however, Macmillan will inherit most of Eden's difficulties in trying to restore confidence in a Conservative British government.

The new prime minister is given the main credit for having persuaded the Conservative Party to endorse the government's decision to withdraw its forces from Egypt. Macmillan also probably reaped political advantage from the fairly widespread resentment within the party at R. A. Butler--the "heir apparent"--for his "fence sitting;" especially during Eden's absence in Jamaica. The speed with which Macmillan took measures to prevent a serious financial crisis after Suez received a favorable public reception.

Macmillan's first action	on was to announce
that he would not call an early general ele	ection. The gov-
ernment's first chance to assess initial pu	iblic reaction to the
change in leadership, therefore, will com	e in three pending
by-elections in marginal constituencies.	

25X1A

11 Jan 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin

ANNEX	25X1A				
Watch Report 336, 10 January of the Intelligence Advisory Commi					
Conclusions on Indications of H	ostilities				
On the basis of findings by its Watch Intelligence Advisory Committee conclude					
A. No Sino-Soviet Bloc country intends ties against the continental US or its immediate future.					
B. No Sino-Soviet Bloc country intends to initiate hostilities against US forces abroad, US allies or areas peripheral to the Orbit in the immediate future.					
A deliberate initiation of hostilities in the Middle East is improbable in the immediate future.*					
	25X6				

11 Jan 57

Current Intelligence Bulletin